

IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.

When using electrical equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed including the following:

- DISCONNECT AC POWER SUPPLY BEFORE SERVICING.
- Installation and servicing of this equipment should be performed by qualified service personnel only.
- Ensure that the electrical wiring conforms to the National Electrical Code NEC® and local regulations if applicable.
- · Do not mount near gas or electrical heaters.
- · Do not use outdoors.
- Equipment should be mounted in locations and at heights where it will not be readily subjected to tampering by unauthorized personnel.
- The use of accessory equipment not recommended by the manufacturer may cause an unsafe condition.
- Any modification or use of non-original components will void the warranty and product liability.
- Do not use this equipment for other than intended use.
- · Allow battery to charge for 24 hours before first use.
- For use with metal enclosed wiring systems.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

Technical Support ■ (623) 580-8943 ■ technical support@barronltg.com



Installation Instructions



Notes

- 1. This device is designed for indoor use. Do not use outdoors.
- 2. Prior to installation, battery connector must be open to prevent high voltage from being present on output leads (red & yellow).
- 3. This unit can operate commonly used linear and compact fluorescent lamps. Please refer to the "lamps list" label on the ballast for specific lamp information.
- 4. Please ensure the electricity connections conform to the National Electrical Code and local regulations if applicable.
- 5. To avoid electric shock, please disconnect normal and emergency power supplies, and battery connector of the emergency ballast before servicing.
- 6. This device is designed for factory or field installation in either the ballast channel, or on top of the lighting fixture, except air handling heated air outlets, sealed and gasketed fixtures, wet or hazardous location fixtures. Do not install this device near gas or electric heaters.
- 7. Unswitched AC power source of 120VAC or 277VAC is required.
- 8. The battery is sealed, non-maintenance, and is not replaceable in the field. Please contact manufacturer for information on service. Do not attempt to service the battery.
- 9. Do not use accessory equipment that is not recommended by manufacturer. Failure to do so may cause unsafe conditions. Servicing should only be performed by qualified service personnel.
- 10. Do not use the product for other than its intended use.

CAUTION: Verify that all replacement lamp types marked on the installed luminaire are also identified as suitable for use with this inverter/charger pack.

Mounting the Emergency Ballast (Battery Pack)

Remove the ballast channel cover. Mount the EMERGENCY BALLAST in the ballast channel at least 1/2" away from the AC ballast(s).

When battery packs are remote mounted, the remote distance cannot exceed 1/2 of the distance from ballast to lamp specified by the AC ballast manufacturer. For example, if the AC ballast manufacturer recommends no more than 25' remote distance, then the battery pack's remote mounting distance should not exceed 12 1/2'. Under no circumstances should the battery pack exceed a distance of 50' from the lamp(s).

Wiring

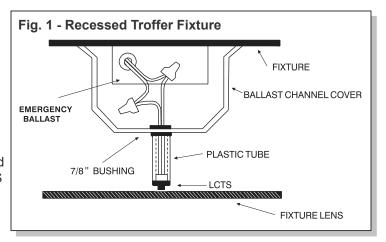
Refer to the wiring diagrams on the back page for the appropriate wiring of lamp(s) and ballast. Install in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local regulations. For additional wiring diagrams consult Customer Service.

Installation Instructions



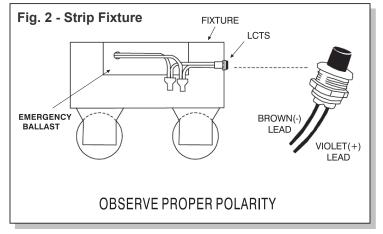
Installing the LED Combo Test Switch (LCTS) Recessed Troffer Fixture (Fig. 1)

Select a convenient location with proper clearance in the ballast cover and drill or punch a 7/8" hole (1/2" knockout). Insert the 7/8" bushing into the hole. Push the plastic tube through the bushing. Route the leads of the LCTS through the plastic tube. Connect the wires from the unit to the LCTS (VIOLET to VIOLET, BROWN to BROWN). Push the entire assembly back into the tube until the lens collar rests against the plastic tube. The plastic tube should be adjusted so that the LCTS is within 1/4" of the fixture lens. The LCTS must be visible after installation.



Strip Fixture (Fig. 2)

Select a convenient location on the fixture so the LCTS can be seen after installation. Allow for proper clearance inside the fixture and drill or punch a 1/2" hole. Remove the nut from the LCTS. Push the LCTS housing into the 1/2" hole and secure with the nut. Connect the wires from the LCTS (VIOLET to VIOLET, BROWN to BROWN).

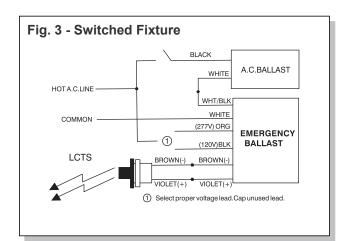


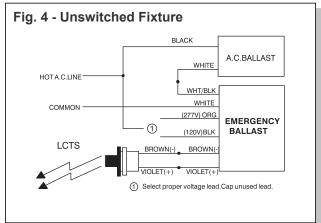
Wiring the AC Input

The EMERGENCY BALLAST and AC ballast must be on the same branch circuit.

The EMERGENCY BALLAST requires an unswitched AC power source of either 120 or 277VAC. Select proper voltage lead and cap the unused lead.

When the EMERGENCY BALLAST is used with a switched fixture, the AC input to the EMERGENCY BALLAST must be connected ahead of the fixture switch. Refer to Fig. 3 for switched and Fig. 4 for unswitched fixture wiring diagrams.





Installation Instructions



Labels

Attach the appropriate labels adjacent to the LCTS. Annotate 'Re-lamping' label for lamp type and wattage. The 'Caution' and the 'Re-lamping' labels must be on the fixture in a readily visible location to anyone attempting to service the fixture.

Completing Installation

When the installation is complete, switch the AC power on and join the unit connector of the EMERGENCY BALLAST.

Operation

Normal Mode

AC power is present. The AC ballast operates the fluorescent lamp(s) as intended. The LCTS will be lit providing a visual indication that the EMERGENCY BALLAST is in the standby charging mode.

Emergency Mode

The AC power fails. The EMERGENCY BALLAST senses the AC power failure and automatically switches to the Emergency Mode. One lamp is illuminated at reduced output for a minimum of 90 minutes. When AC power is restored, the EMERGENCY BALLAST switches the system back to the Normal Mode and resumes battery charging. See page 2 of the Instruction Manual.

Testing & Maintenance

Pressing the red lens on the LCTS turns off the light on the LCTS and forces the unit into emergency mode. This interrupts power to the emergency lamps only. The emergency lamp is now being lit by the EMERGENCY BALLAST unit and will be less bright than the other lamps in the system. To simulate a "BLACK OUT" use the circuit breaker to turn off AC power.

Initial Testing

Allow the unit to charge for approximately 1 hour, then press the LCTS to conduct a short discharge test. Allow a 24 hour charge before conducting a 90 minute test.

This EMERGENCY BALLAST is a maintenance free unit; however, periodic inspection and testing is required. NFPA 101, Life Safety Code, outlines the following schedule:

Monthly

Ensure that the LCTS is illuminated. Conduct a 30 second discharge test by depressing the LCTS. One lamp should operate at reduced output.

Annually

Ensure that the LCTS is illuminated. Conduct a full 90 minute discharge test. The unit should operate as intended for the duration of the test.







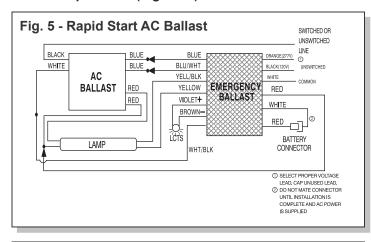
Wire Diagrams for Lamp Emergency Operation

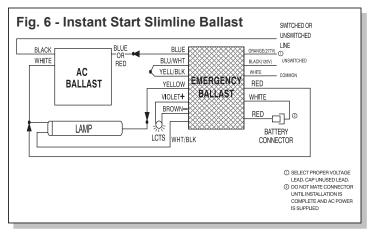
Note: Emergency ballast and AC ballast must be fed from the same branch circuit

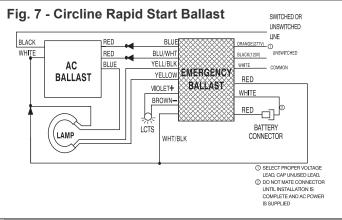
Typical schematics only. May be used with other ballasts. Consult the factory for other wiring diagrams.

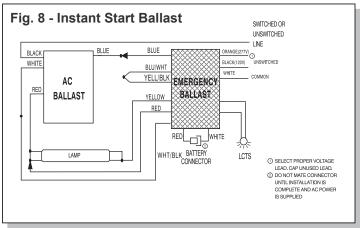
Use the proper tap to cap unswitched AC lead.

For 1 Lamp Fixture (Fig. 5 - 8)

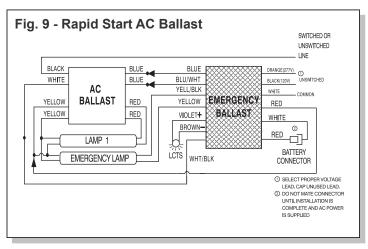


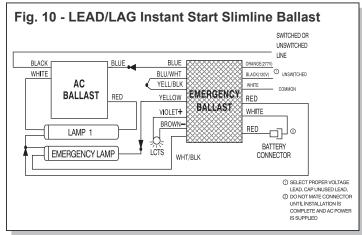






For 2 Lamp Fixture (Fig. 9 - 13)

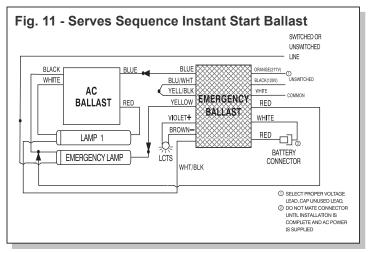


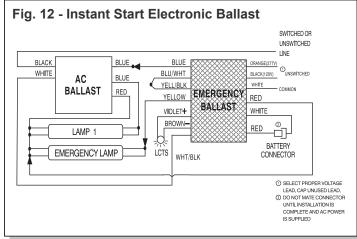


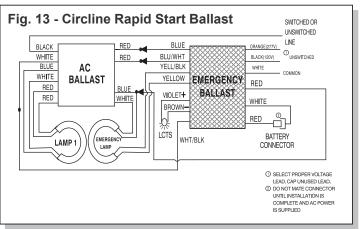




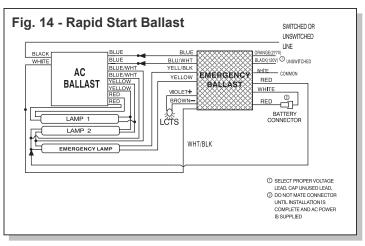
Wire Diagrams for Lamp Emergency Operation (Continued) For 2 Lamp Fixture (Fig. 9 - 13)

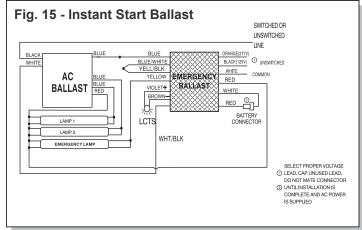






For 3 Lamp Fixture (Fig. 14 & 15)



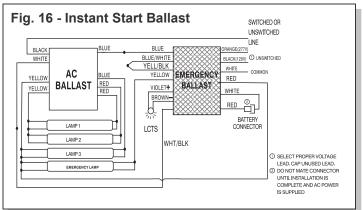


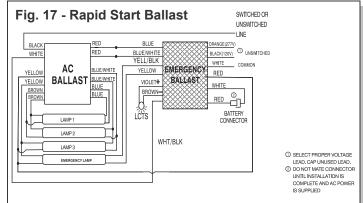






Wire Diagrams for Lamp Emergency Operation (Continued) For 4 Lamp Fixture (Fig. 17 & 18)





Emergency Only (Fig. 18)

